

Equine insulin immunoassay kit

Cat No: BIOK2006

Principal of the assay

This assay is a sandwich ELISA based on two monoclonal antibodies against separate antigenic determinants on the insulin molecule. The microplate is coated with a monoclonal antibody. Standards and samples are added into the wells and react with a monoclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) enzyme. After washing, TMB substrate is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of insulin bound. The assay is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

Materials supplied

1	Microplate	96 wells
2	Wash buffer (10x)	20 ml
3	Assay buffer	9 ml
4	Detection antibody solution (100x)	0.09 ml
5	Insulin standard (0 μIU/ml)	1 ml
6	Insulin standard (3 μIU/ml)	0.2 ml
7	Insulin standard (7 μIU/ml)	0.2 ml
8	Insulin standard (16 μIU/ml)	0.2 ml

9	Insulin standard (40 μIU/ml)	0.2 ml
10	Insulin standard (100 μIU/ml)	0.2 ml
11	Substrate solution	12 ml
12	Stop solution	12 ml
13	Plate sealer	1

Other materials required

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1. Pipettes and pipette tips.

2. Distilled water or deionized water.

3. Volumetric containers and pipettes for reagent preparation.

4. Paper towels or absorbent paper.

5. Multi-channel micropipettes or automated microplate washer.

6. Microplate shaker capable of 600 rpm.

7. Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.

Storage

The kit should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt. Remove any unused antibodycoated strips from

the microplate, return them to the foil pouch and re-seal. Once opened, the strips may be stored

at 2-8°C for up to one month.

Preparation of reagents

A. 1×Wash buffer.

Prepare 1×Wash buffer by mixing the 10×Wash buffer (20 ml) with 180 ml of distilled water or

deionized water. The 1×Wash buffer may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

B. 1×Detection antibody solution.

Prepare 1×Detection antibody solution by dilution of the 100×Detection antibody solution in

Assay buffer, mix well. 70 µl of the 1×Detection antibody solution is required per well.

Preparation of samples

If a sample has a greater concentration of insulin than the highest standard, the sample should

be diluted with 0 μ IU/ml insulin standard solution and the assay should be repeated.

Assay procedure

Note: All reagents and microplate strips should be equilibrated to room temperature prior to use.

A standard curve must be performed with each assay. It is recommended that all standards and

samples should be run in duplicate.

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1. Add 70 µl of 1x Detection antibody solution to each well.

2. Add 20 µl of standard or sample to its respective well.

3. Cover the plate with a plate sealer. Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour, shaking the

plate at 600 rpm on a horizontal microplate shaker. (*Alternative incubation step in the absence

of shaker: gently tap the plate frame for a few seconds to ensure thorough mixing, incubate at

room temperature for 2 hours.)

4. Discard well contents and remove any remaining solution by inverting and tapping the plate

on a clean paper towel. Add 300 µl of 1× Wash buffer to each well. Incubate at room

temperature for 30 seconds.

5. Discard the 1× Wash buffer and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual wash

buffer. Repeat the wash step for a total 4 washes.

6. Add 100 µl of Substrate solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.

Protect from light.

7. Add100 µl of Stop solution to each well, gently tap the plate frame for a few seconds to ensure

thorough mixing. Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm immediately.

Calculation

1. Subtract the absorbance of the blank from that of standards and samples.

2. Generate a standard curve by plotting the absorbance obtained (y-axis) against insulin

concentrations (x-axis). The best fit line can be generated with any curve-fitting software by

regression analysis. Log-log curvefitting is recommended for data analysis.

3. Determine insulin concentration of samples from standard curve.

4. Conversion factor: $1 \mu IU/mI = 0.0348 \text{ ng/mI}$.

Typical standard curve (600 rpm)

Note: The following standard curve is provided for demonstration only. Do not use it to

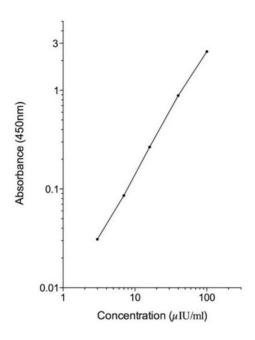
determine actual assay results. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.



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Insulin (ng/ml)	Absorbance (450 nm)	Blanked Absorbance
0	0.054	0
3	0.085	0.031
7	0.14	0.086
16	0.32	0.266
40	0.939	0.885
100	2.521	2.467

Insulin standard curve (log-log)



Assay characteristics

A. Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay) C.V <10%.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays) C.V <10%.

B. Specificity

Percent of cross reactivity

Mouse insulin 100%

Rat insulin 100%



Summary of the assay procedure

Add 70 μ l of 1× Detection antibody solution to each well.

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Add 20 μl of standard or sample to its respective well.

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Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour (600 rpm).

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Wash each well 4 times.

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Add 100 µl of Substrate solution to each well.

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Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.

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Add 100 µl of Stop solution to each well.

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Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm.

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Calculation

Contact Us

QQ:499854788

3494243873

WeChat: 13681256816

15511114213

Email: info@biotyscience.com

Tel: 010-5365 2239





13681256816